| Time                                       | Sour                                    | ce  | People                        | Push Factors   | Pull Factors  | Destination in US  | Notes   |  |  |  |
|--|---|---|-------------------------------|--|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| Colonial/Early<br>America 1607 –<br>1808   | n and<br>ern                            | pe  | British                       | Religious persecution (Pilgrims, Puritans,<br>Quakers, Catholics)<br>Overpopulation  | Land<br>Religious freedom   | Eastern seaboard;<br>migrating westward as fron<br>opens   | and food and shelter in America   |  |  |  |
|  | Northern and<br>Western<br>Europe       |   | Scots-Irish                   | Religious persecution vs, Calvinists by Anglican<br>Church, The Great Frost (38% Irish die)  | Land, new textile trade out of<br>Philadelphia  | Mountainous interior = Appalachia, piedmont  | Presbyterian Irish whose ancestors originated in Scotland, Today most likely to identify as "American" as ethnicity Frontiersmen = Davy Crockett, Andrew Jackson  |  |  |  |
|  |   |   | Other                         | Various  | Various   | Various  | (Germans, Dutch, Swedes, French, etc.) including indentured servants  |  |  |  |
|  | Africa                                  |   | Africans                      | Atlantic Slave Trade brings 12 – 15 million (not all to US) people to New World as plantation laborers   | FORCED MIGRATION  | SE United States   | Slave trade banned by U.S. Constitution in 1808. Very high natural increase rate and low death rate relative to other slave-owning societies allowed African pop. to grow 4X from 1810 to 1860. Cotton is king!   |  |  |  |
| Era of European Immigration<br>1820 – 1920 | 1870 s Mid-century<br>- 90 (1840 – 50s) | Northern and<br>Western Europe  | Germans                       | Failed 1848 rev. for democratic/socialist reforms, anti-aristocracy and feudalism (mostly in south Germany). Overpopulation due to industrialization, stage 2.                         | Available land (Homestead Act,<br>Railroad companies advertise and sell<br>land). Skilled craftsmen jobs            | Midwestern cities<br>Farms from Pennsylvania w<br>across Midwest   | Catholics, urban, Democratic; N. Germans = Protestants, rural, Republican. Also includes more affluent, educated Jews.  |  |  |  |
|  |   | Northern and<br>/estern Europ   | Irish                         | Irish Potato Famine (1849 – 52) British landowners overtax and evict Irish tenant farmers  | Jobs in early American mills, domestic servants, infrastructure jobs in NE cities                                   | NE cities, too poor to move inland and buy land  | Irish often compete with newly freed African-Americans for lowest paying entry level, dangerous jobs. Gravitate to Democratic party. Move up through urban politics and patronage. Catholicism sets them apart.   |  |  |  |
|  |   | N W   | Scandi-<br>navians            | Population 2X (1750 to 1850), stage 2, arable land scarce, famine, emigration laws eased   | Available land (Homestead Act) RR company ads for land sales  | Upper Midwest, climate & farming similar to homeland   | Swedes, Norwegians join Germans. Chicago is "the city that the Swedes built"  |  |  |  |
|  |   | Asia  | Chinese                       | High poverty, Taiping Rebellion  | Gold Rush, Railroad work  | West Coast   | dangerous RR jobs, lives looked at as "expendable"  |  |  |  |
|  |   | Asia  | Cililese                      | <b>1882</b> Chinese Exclusion Act bans Chinese from im   | migrating to the U.S. for 10 years (renewed   | 1892 & permanent in 1902) "  | unable to assimilate into American culture"   |  |  |  |
|  | Turn of century                         | and<br>ırope  | Italians                      | Poverty. Heavy taxes after Italy unified. Political unrest and policies imposed on Southern Italy in favor of industrial North. Overpopulation, stage 2 factors.                       | Factory jobs due to rapid industrialization after the Civil War (recruit cheap labor). Civic projects in NE cities. | NE cities, especially New Yo<br>(incl. Brooklyn) Area, Long<br>Island, New Jersey                            | rk Many Italians (30 – 50%) return home "birds of passage", "ritornati" and others send heavy remittances. Occupy city neighborhoods usually subdivided by Italian region or village of origin.   |  |  |  |
|  |   | Southern and<br>Eastern Europe  | Russian<br>Jews               | Overpopulation, stage 2. Lack of land. Pogroms = "organized repressions often deadly which targeted Jews in Czarist Russian Empire" Poland partitioned between neighbors, no           | Freedom from persecution (religious freedom). Factory jobs  Factory jobs (meatpacking, steel, etc.)                 | NE cities, especially New Yo<br>Later shifts to Florida and<br>California.<br>Industrial cities with a speci | outside of Israel. Later surge of Jewish refugees after WWII/Arab expulsion  al Za chlebem ("For Bread") immigrants. Why Chicago? Excellent example of  |  |  |  |
|  |   |   | Poles                         | country, no political freedom, language /culture repressed, stage 2 overpopulation factors   | Northern (Western Europeans by setting in   | focus on Chicago.  | chain migration, immigration waves (incl. 1990s post-communism migration, ethnic Polish community still vibrant and pulling newcomers)  |  |  |  |
|  |   | 1921 Quota Act and 1924 National Origins Act. Goal is to restrict immigration of non-Northern/Western Europeans by setting immigration limit tied to % of pop. in 1890 (which at time was predominantly from Northern and V |                               |  |   |  |   |  |  |  |
| Post-WWII<br>1960s – Current               | Latin America                           | Mexican   | Overpo<br>now). D<br>seculari | pulation, stage 2 until 2000s (not growing as fast bisplaced farmers due to NAFTA. Political sm rejected by some Catholics earlier in 20 <sup>th</sup> . Current drug cartel violence. | Farm laborer jobs (Bracero program), economic opportunity, chain migration  | SW, large cities usually<br>in the Midwest/West  | "We didn't cross the border the border crossed us" = consistent Mexican presence, influence and interaction in the Southwest. Bracero program = Mexican agricultural guest worker program. Slowing population growth, improving economic prospects and stricter border control have slowed Mexican immigration in recent years. Undocumented immigrants = 12 million. |  |  |  |
|  |   | Cubans  | Politica<br>Refugee           | l oppression under communist Castro<br>e status  | Family reunification, "wet foot/dry foot policy"  | South Florida  | 1980 Mariel boatlift (Castro imbeds criminals/mentally ill with others). Most conservative of Hispanic groups = Republicans. Very well assimilated  |  |  |  |
|  |   | Puerto<br>Ricans  | Poverty                       | '.   | recruited as low wage labor   | NYC (Spanish Harlem)   | U.S. citizenship allows unrestricted immigration. Dominican Republic and Haiti now larger source countries.   |  |  |  |
|  |   | Central<br>America  | violence                      | stage 2 overpopulation, drug trade fueled<br>e, corrupt repressive governments   | economic opportunity,   | California (L.A.), Texas,<br>Florida   | El Salvador, Guatemala and Honduras. Child refugees. Mexico tries to stem flow on its southern border (step migration). Huge remittances > 10% of home country's economies.   |  |  |  |
|  | Asia                                    | Chinese   | Politica                      | l instability, repression, brain drain   | Educational visas (skilled worker), political freedom, family reunification   | Fairly dispersed, major cities, California   | Separate quotas for Taiwan, Hong Kong and mainland. Use educational visas to gain entry.  |  |  |  |
|  |   | Indians   | econom                        | pulation, until recently stage 2, poverty, lack of<br>nic opportunity. Brain drain   | Educational visas (skilled worker), economic opportunity, family reunification                                      | Think gravity model,<br>California, NY, Texas, IL  | p recipients of high-skilled worker visas, use English language skills; better lucated, employed and with higher household income than other immigrants.  |  |  |  |
|  |   | Filipinos   | encoura                       | ly stage 2, overpopulation. Government ages emigration for remittances   | economic opportunity, family reunification  | L.A., San Francisco, NY  | 60% women = 1 out of 4 are nurses. Overall largely service sector jobs. 1/2 the poverty rate of other immigrant groups with high rates of home ownership  |  |  |  |
|  |   | Vietnam Until rec   |                               | cion under communists after victory in 1975. cently stage 2 overpopulation. After years of n has become more integrated into world   | refugee status, economic opportunity, family reunification  | California, Texas  | Pro-American Vietnamese escape at end of war. Others sent to re-education camps after communist victory. "Boat people" escape in the late 1970s largely Chinese Vietnamese; later Vietnamese Amerasians (children of US servicemen) allowed in as political humanitarian refugees   |  |  |  |